

Publishing Output Analysis Report

Journal of Innovative Analytics

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These analyses link journal editorial and publication data to reveal the effect of decisions and selections on the citation impact of the journal.

The report gives a full breakdown of Editor-in-Chief and (Associate) Editor decisions, the proportions and numbers of papers accepted and rejected and the impact of those papers accepted for publication. The report also explores the relative impact of different manuscript types and content sections. The report is accompanied by a full analysis of accepted paper bibliometrics to identify which were the most and least influential.

The report also explores the fate of rejected papers: are these being published elsewhere and, if so, what is their impact? Uncover whether a journal is making optimal decisions and spot opportunities to retain good content or expand existing coverage. A full analysis of rejected paper bibliometrics is provided. THIS IS A SAMPLE REPORT

To learn more

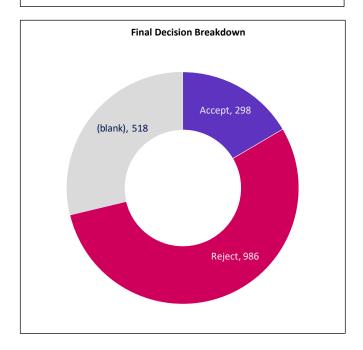
http://discover.clarivate.com/PublisherAnalytics

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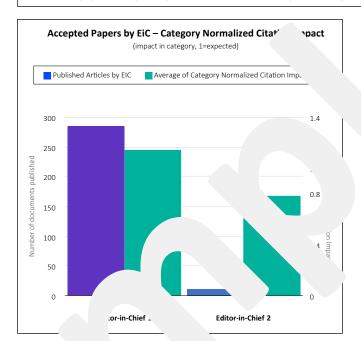


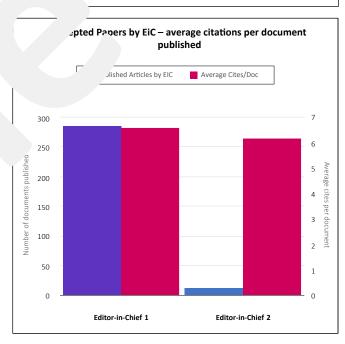
Decision Breakdown



Accepted Papers by EiC

numbers of papers accepted by EiCs and their citation impact in the journal and





Decision Breakdown

A breakdown of final decisions: accept, reject or those pending based on the uscripts or journal-supplied data — this can include revisions that have no overall final disposition of papers for the reporting period.

Accepted Papers by EiC

The number of papers accepted by EiC(s) and their normalized citation impact category and their overall citation impact (average numbr tions per ac the overall impact of papers accepted by each Editor-ir and whether or more or fewer citations than would be expected.

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e journ . ,ect his shows d papr /e, on average,

Using Normalized Citation Impact

Citation patterns vary – citations accumulate over time, some document types (e.g. reviews) are more likely to be cited, and citation rates depend on the subject/journal. Normalization ensures that papers are compared with similar papers: the same document type, publication year and journal or category/categories. Journal Normalized Citation Impact (JNCI) and Category Normalized Citation Impact (CNCI) will generally correlate, JNCIs are proportionally lower for high impact journals as the number of expected citations will be higher.

An NCI is a ratio of actual to expected citations: an NCI of 1 indicates that a document or group of documents is receiving the expected number of citations, an NCI of 2 that it is receiving twice the expected, and 0.5, half that expected.

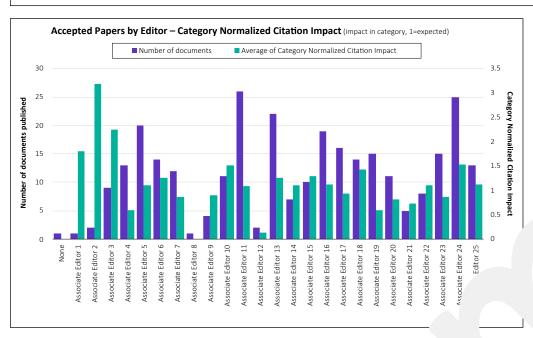
As NCIs are averages, a single or small number of highly cited papers can significantly influence the value.

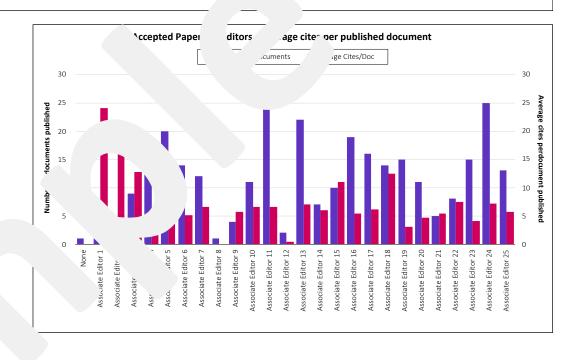
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Accepted Papers by Editor

impact of accepted papers in the journal and its subject categories or categories





Accepted Papers by (Associate) Editor

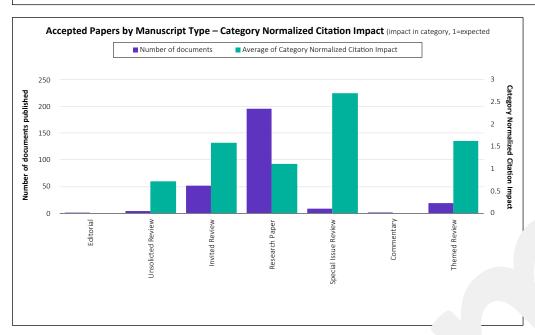
The number of papers accepted by each (Associate) Editor and their normalized impact in a subject category along with their overall citation impact (average number of shows the overall impact of papers accepted by each (Associate) Editor ar other of their overall expected.

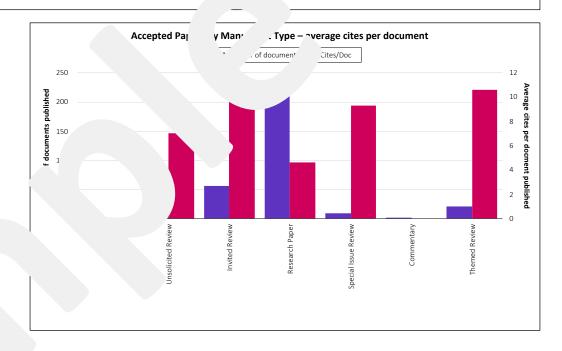
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Accepted Papers by Manuscript Type

impact of manuscripts in the journal and its subject category or categories



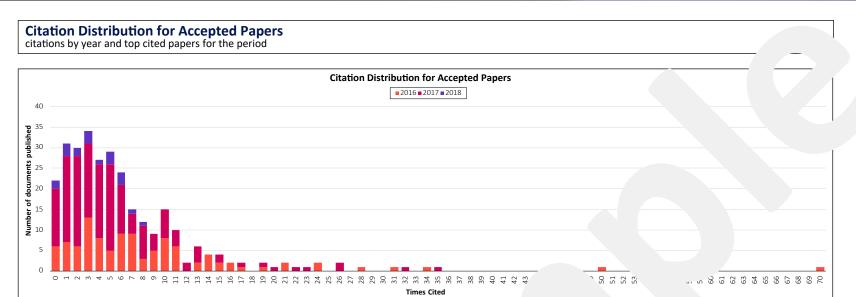


Accepted Papers by Manuscript Type

Accepted papers by manuscript type and their normalized category impact and ritations pe paper. This shows the citation performance of each of the journal's manuscri hether or i given manuscript type/content section is receiving more or fewer citation would rted.

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Citation Distribution for Accepted Papers

The citation distribution for accepted papers from the reporting period. The table lists the top cited ers for the period. This shows the proportion of uments cited and those papers with the most deast impact.

Title	Year		JNCI	CNCI	%ile
	°016	− ⁄ .	3.7	5.2	2.1
	2016	50	2.6	3.7	3.8
personal real realization of a financial control of the same	2017	35	4.1	4.8	2.2
	2016	34	1.8	2.5	7.5
Section of the Control of the Section of the Sectio	2017	32	7.0	8.0	0.9
No. of the case of	2016	31	1.6	2.3	9.1
	2016	28	1.5	2.1	10.5
	2017	26	3.0	3.6	4.2
The same and the s	2017	26	5.7	6.5	1.3
	2016	24	1.3	1.8	13.4
	2016	24	1.3	1.8	13.4
	2017	23	2.7	3.2	5.3
	2017	22	2.5	3.0	6.0
	2016	21	1.1	1.6	17.0
	2016	21	1.1	1.6	17.0
	2017	20	4.4	5.0	2.4
	2017	19	2.2	2.6	8.0
plants management of real rate of the control of th	2016	19	1.0	1.4	19.9
Section and the second control of the section of th	2017	17	2.0	2.4	9.9
	2016	17	2.7	2.2	9.6
	2016	16	2.5	2.1	10.8
Name of Contract and Contract a	2016	16	2.5	2.1	10.8
	2017	15	3.3	3.7	4.1
	2016	15	2.4	2.0	12.1
	2016	15	2.4	2.0	12.1
	2017	15	3.3	3.7	4.1

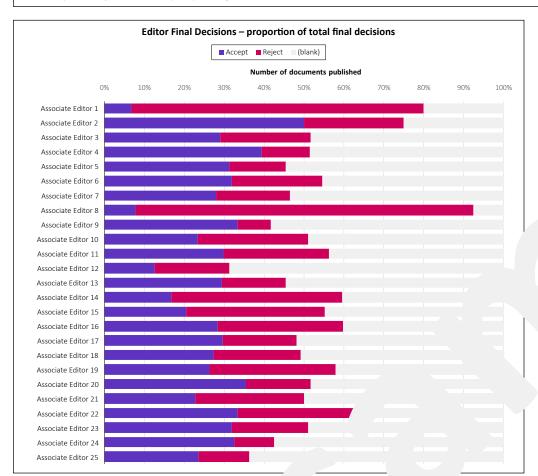
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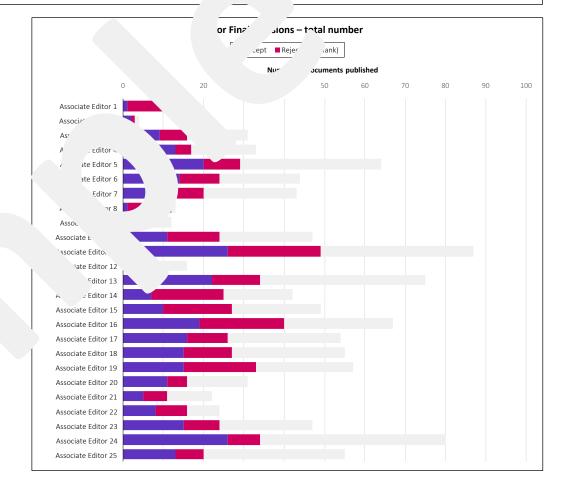
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Decision Breakdown by Editor

final accept and reject decisions plus pending decisions





Decision Breakdown by (Associate) Editor

The proportion and absolute decisions made by each (As. customer-supplied data). This shows individual (Associate) Ec. accision p period.

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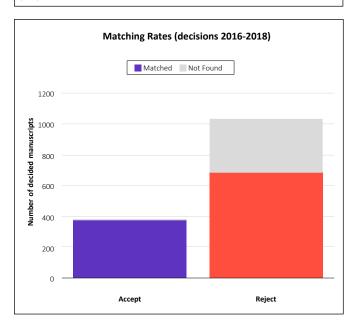
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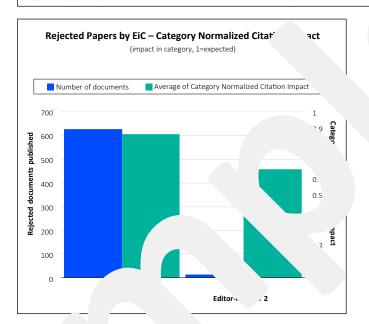
Rejected Paper Matching

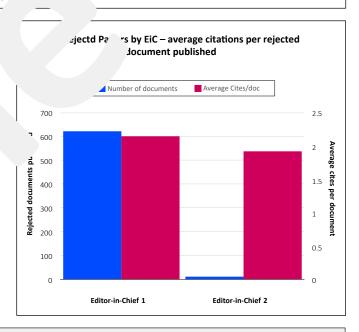
proportion of documents matched to WoS records



Rejected Paper by EiCs

rejected papers published elsewhere and their citation impact in those titles





Rejected Paper Matching

The number of papers from the decision dataset matched to records in the Web of Science. Th. the proportion of decided papers found in the Web of Science Core Collection.

Rejected Papers by Editor-in-Chief

The number of papers rejected by EiC(s) and their normalized citation im in the joint ect category and their overall citation impact (average number of citations). This significant the evaluation impact (average number of citations). This significant the evaluation impact (average number of citations). This significant the evaluation impact (average number of citations). This significant is a support of the evaluation impact (average number of citations). This significant is a support of the evaluation impact (average number of citations). This significant is a support of the evaluation impact (average number of citations) and their overall citation impact (average number of citations). This significant is a support of the evaluation impact (average number of citations) and the evaluation impact (average number of citations). This significant is a support of citation impact (average number of citations) and the evaluation impact (average number of citations).

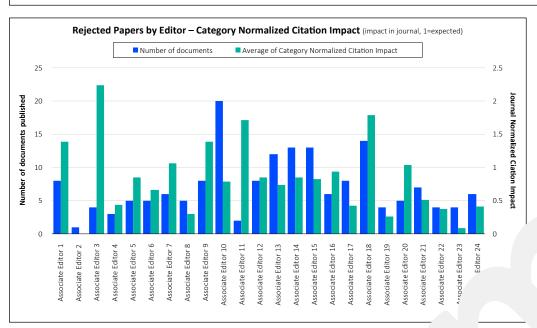
'ecord Matching

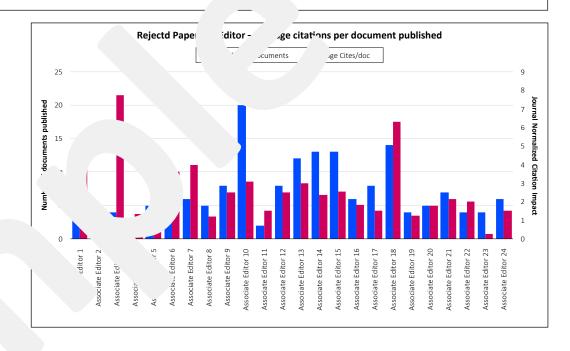
The Publishing Output Analysis matches records from a journal editorial system (such as ScholarOne Manuscripts) with published records in the Web of Science. A small proportion of accepted manuscripts with significant changes to the title, authorship, or the abstract may fail to be matched. This is also the case for rejected papers. False matches may also be returned for papers with very similar titles and authorship. A full match dataset is provided.

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Rejected Paper by Editors

rejectd papers published elsewhere and their citation impact in those titles





Rejected Papers by (Associate) Editors

The number of papers rejected by (Associate) Editors and their normalized cita+ at in the jo. he eventuc subject category and their overall citation impact (average number of citation of papers rejected by each (Associate) Editor that were subsequently pub' elsewi

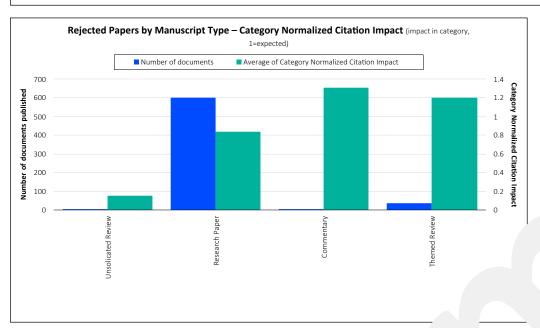
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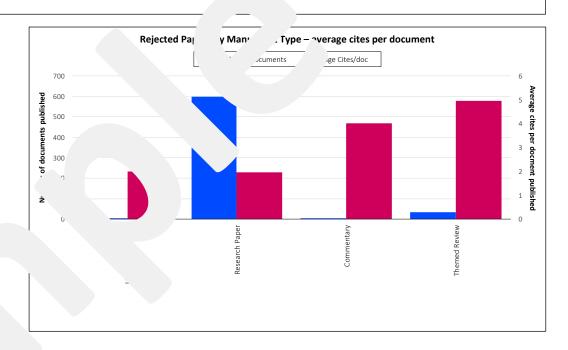
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Rejected Papers by Manuscript Type

rejected papers published elsewhere and their impact in those titles





Rejected Papers by Manuscript Type

The number of rejected papers for each manuscript type and their normalized compact in the subject category and their overall citation impact (average number of citation pact of papers rejected, for each manuscript type, that were subsequently asked as a subject category.

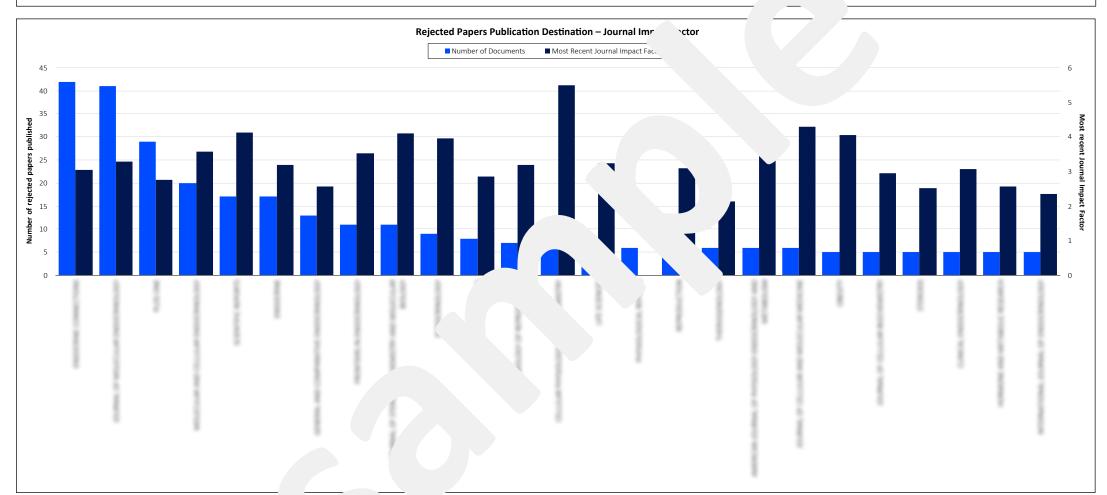
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Publishing Destination for Papers Rejected by the Journal

where rejected papers are being cited and their impact



Publishing Destination for Papers Rejected b,

The journals in which rejected papers are subsequently being published, the going on to be published in high impact titles – note that JIFs should only '

iber of matched papers found and the most recent Journal Impact Factor (JIF) for the recipient journal. This shows how many rejected papers are npared with other journals in the same category.

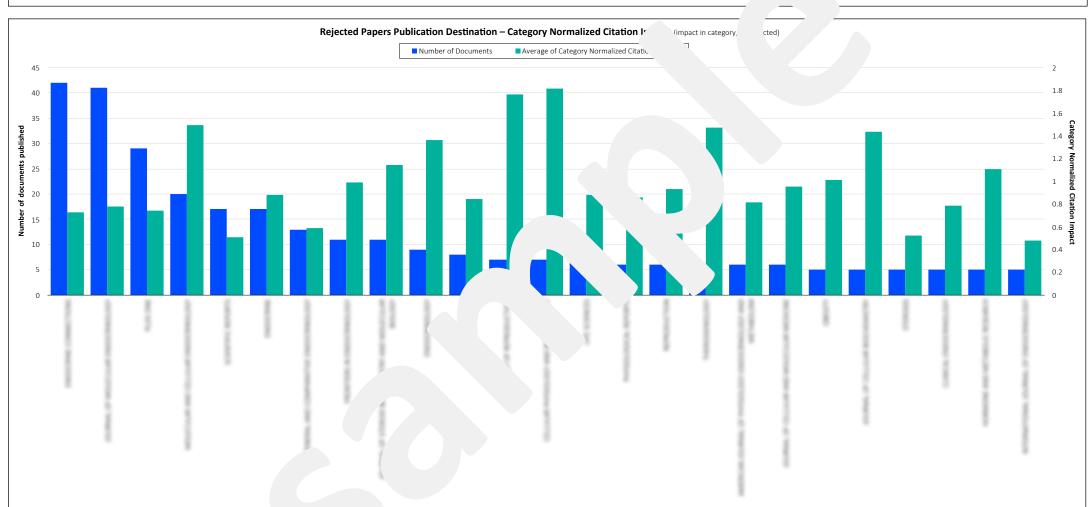
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Publishing Destination for Papers Rejected by the Journal

where rejected papers are being cited and their impact



Publishing Destination for Papers Rejected by the JournalThe average CNCI of those rejected papers subsequently published else:

This shows the category impact of those papers.

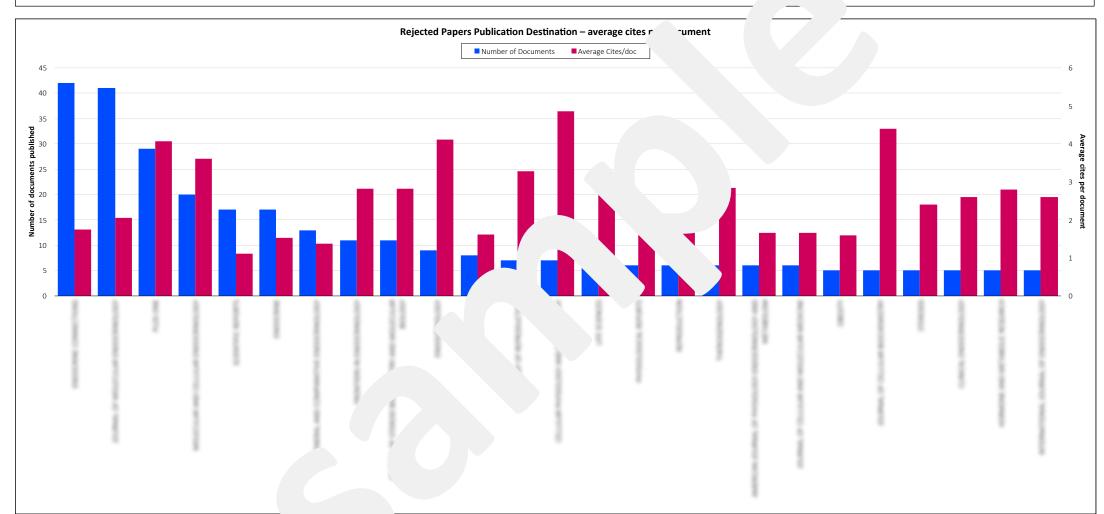
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Publishing Destination for Papers Rejected by the Journal





Publishing Destination for Papers Rejected by the Journal

The average overall citation impact of those rejected papers subsequent

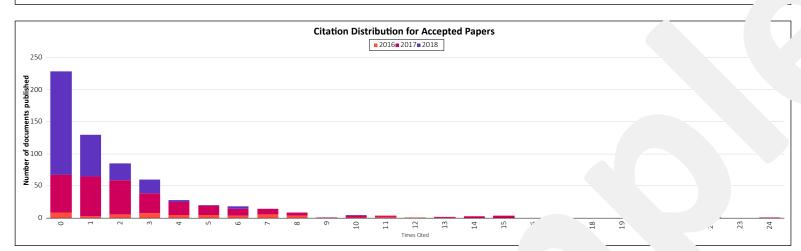
ushed elsewhere. This shows the level of citations received by those papers.

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Citation Distribution for Rejected Papers Published Elsewhere

numbers of citations for matched rejected publication records in the Web of Science



Title		Cites		CNCI	%ile
	_	50		3.3	5.6
Section point too 1 with our couple wit positions		24	2.	7.8	1.2
Search Control of the Control	26.	22	5.5	7.2	1.5
the contract of the contract o	2017	15	3.5	4.9	3.2
	2017	15	3.6	4.9	3.2
Section at Section and Section 2011 Section 2015	2017	15	4.1	4.9	3.2
	2017	15	2.5	4.9	3.2
Stringer City City and Art (Special Stringer) and Art (Special Stringer)	2012	15	0.9	1.0	29.2
	2017	14	3.5	4.6	3.7
	2017	14	1.2	2.0	12.9
STORY OF THE STORY	2017	14	3.3	4.6	3.7
	2015	13	1.2	1.6	18.7
	2017	13	3.3	4.2	4.3
	2016	13	3.7	2.3	11.0
	2016	12	1.5	2.1	12.5
	2017	11	2.4	3.6	5.8
	2016	11	1.3	2.0	14.3
The state of the s	2017	11	1.3	1.6	18.0
	2016	11	1.9	2.0	14.3
The set of the service have been set to be a set of the	2018	10	30.2	11.4	0.9
	2017	10	3.8	3.3	6.9
and the same of th	2017	10	1.9	1.4	20.3
	2017	10	2.0	3.3	6.9
	2016	10	1.5	1.8	16.4
Specialization of the part of the part of the second of the part o	2014	9	0.6	0.8	35.4
	2017	9	2.0	2.9	8.3

Citation Distribution for Rejected Papers Nished Elsewhere

lation distribution for rejected papers from the orting period that were subsequently published elsewhere. T' 'able lists the top cited papers for the period. he proportion of documents cited and those This sh in the most and least impact. papr

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Supporting Datasets

these datasets include comprehensive sets of bibliometric indicators and can be used as the basis for your analyses



Journal Matched Dataset (probability)

source report with algorithmically matched records from the Web of Science



Accepted Paper Bibliometrics

full list of matched accepted papers



Rejected Paper Bibliometrics

full list of matched rejected papers found published elsewhere